ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	*	
9		

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	5
Statement of Activities	6
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	7
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	
Statement of Net Position	8
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	9
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,	10
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	10
Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	11
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	13
Notes to the Financial Statements	14
Supplementary Information:	
Non-Major Funds:	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	34
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances	35
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balance - Budget and Actual - E-911 Fund	36
Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds:	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	37
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	38
Schedule of Projects Paid with Special Purpose Local Option	
Sales Tax Proceeds	39
Parant on Internal Control Compliance of Parantis Programme	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government	
Auditing Standards	40
	10

			F2	

LANIER, WESTERFIELD, DEAL & PROCTOR

WILLIAM RUSSELL LANIER, CPA
JOSEPH S. WESTERFIELD, CPA
RICHARD N. DEAL, CPA, CGMA
KAY S, PROCTOR, CPA, CFE, CGMA
LEE ANN LANE, CPA
JENNIFER GROOMS, CPA
WILLIAM BLAKE BLOSER, CPA

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
201 SOUTH ZETTEROWER AVENUE
P.O. BOX 505
STATESBORO, GEORGIA 30459
PHONE (912) 489-8756
FAX (912) 489-1243

MEMBERS

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

GEORGIA SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Candler County, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Candler County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We did not audit the financial statements of the Candler County Board of Health, a discretely presented component, which represents 2.9% and 1.3% respectively, of the assets and net position of Candler County, Georgia. We did not audit the financial statements of the Candler County Hospital Authority, a discretely presented component, which represents 47.1% and 18.8% respectively, of the assets and net position of Candler County, Georgia.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Candler County Board of Health, a discretely presented component, which represents 2.9% and 1.3% respectively, of the assets and net position of Candler County, Georgia. We did not audit the financial statements of the Candler County Hospital Authority, a discretely presented component, which represents 47.1% and 18.8% respectively, of the assets and net position of Candler County, Georgia. The financial statements of the Candler County Board of Health were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts involved for the Candler County Board of Health, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. Because of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion" paragraph, however, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

		8
		= = 0

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

Opinion UnitType of OpinionGovernmental ActivitiesUnmodifiedAggregate Discretely Presented Component UnitsDisclaimerMajor FundsUnmodifiedAggregate Remaining Fund InformationUnmodified

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements of the Candler County Hospital Authority have not been audited, and we were not engaged to audit the Candler County Hospital Authority's financial statements as part of our audit of the County's basic financial statements. Candler County Hospital Authority's financial activities are included in the County's basic financial statements as a discretely presented component unit and represent 94.3%, 93.6%, and 97.5% of the assets, net position, and revenues, respectively, of the County's aggregate discretely presented component units.

Disclaimer of Opinion

Because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units" paragraph, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units of Candler County, Georgia. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on these financial statements.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Candler County, Georgia, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Candler County, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and schedule of projects paid with special sales tax proceeds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and schedule of projects paid with special sales tax proceeds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and

			- (

schedules, and schedule of projects paid with special sales tax proceeds are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 29, 2016, on our consideration of Candler County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Candler County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lanier, Westerfield, Oool + Proctor

Statesboro, Georgia February 29, 2016

×		

CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	Primary Government		Component Units				
		*			Candler County		
	C	overnmental		dler County Board of		Hospital Authority	
ASSETS		Activities		Health		Jnaudited)	
Current Assets:		retivities	-	Troutin		Siladdica)	
Cash	\$	6,767,699	\$	505,382	\$	121,831	
Certificates of deposit		789,059		=			
Receivables:							
Accounts		85,080				2,924,813	
Taxes		666,312				20	
Intergovernmental		1,043,705		16,520		84,698	
Other		636		2		21	
Prepaid items		103,066		2		62,857	
Supplies inventory		₩		-		217,987	
Other current assets		*		:=		49,584	
Capital Assets:		***					
Nondepreciable capital assets		539,251		920		1,614,679	
Depreciable capital assets, net	-	8,333,434	-	830	_	3,547,903	
Total Assets		18,328,242_		522,732		8,624,352	
DEFENDED OF THE OWG OF DEGOLIDOES							
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Proportionate share of collective deferred outflows of resources		6		35,249			
Proportionate share of confective deterred outflows of resources	-			33,249	•		
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		285,038		10		4,214,392	
Accrued interest		11,206				-	
Accrued payroll		104,290		22		82,186	
Other accrued expenses		0.40		×		161,055	
Unearned revenue		840		9.960		240.400	
Compensated absences payable		27,559		8,869		249,498	
Notes payable		702,942 74,045		3		948,123	
Capital leases payable Estimated third-party payor settlements		74,043		-		932,313	
Long-Term Liabilities:		•		-		932,313	
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)		110,234		8,869			
Notes payable (net of current portion)		252,727		0,007		4,752,819	
Net pension obligation liability		232,727		269,669		1,752,017	
Landfill closure and postclosure care costs		2,295,841		2		2	
		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-				
Total Liabilities	i i	3,864,722		287,407		11,340,386	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of resources			÷	83,706	-		
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		8,477,291		830			
Restricted for:		,					
Capital projects		2,139,186		9		9	
Other purposes		679,214		97,046		12.7	
Unrestricted		3,167,830		88,992		(2,716,034)	
Total Net Position	\$	14,463,521	\$	186,868	_\$_	(2,716,034)	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Component	Board of Health Hospital Authority			\$ 22,175 \$ (2.044,742) 22,175 (2.044,742)	12,866	586,769	22,175 (1,457,973)	164,693 (1,258,061)	\$ 186,868 \$ (2,716,034)
Net (Expense Changes in	Primary Government	Activities	\$ (1,054,680) (548,272) (1,309,696) (478,946) (85,496) (333,153) (180,885) (9,722)	(4,000,850)		3,122,643 2,086,246 324,064 219,818 5,898 61,876	5,820,545	1,819,695	12,643,826	\$ 14,463,521
	Capital Grants	and Contributions	\$ 547,961	547,961	\$ 343,874 \$ 343,874					
Program Revenues	Operating Grants	and Contributions	\$ 7,150 46,000 18,000 77,000	148,150	\$ 290,093	or general purposes k assets	nes	по	2014, As Restated	, 2015
	Fees, Fines, and	Charges for Services	\$ 114,062 119,822 1,521,460 786,658 64,164	2,606,166	\$ 97,073 14,229,337 \$ 14,326,410	General Revenues Property taxes levied for general purposes Sales taxes Insurance premium tax Other taxes Gain on sale of capital assets Interest earned Miscellaneous	Total General Revenues	Change in Net Position	Net Position, July 1, 2014, As Restated	Net Position, June 30, 2015
		Expenses	\$ 1,175,892 668,094 2,877,156 1,831,565 85,496 474,317 180,885 9,722	7,303,127	\$ 364,991 16,617,953 \$ 16,982,944					
		Program/Function Primary Government	General government Judicial Public safety Public works Health and welfare Culture and recreation Housing and development	Total Governmental Activities - Primary Government	Component Units: Candler County Board of Health Candler County Hospital Authority (Unaudited) Total Component Units					

×6				
			9	
	6			

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	-	General		pecial Sales Tax Fund	T	-SPLOST Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS		1011101			.					
Cash	\$	4,861,194	\$	1,305,397	\$	180,155	\$	420,953	\$	6,767,699
Certificates of deposit		639,944		-		-		149,115		789,059
Receivables:										
Accounts		63,931				•		21,149		85,080
Taxes		666,312		*				£		666,312
Intergovernmental		651,484		104,858		287,363		•		1,043,705
Other		636		-		20		=		636
Due from other funds		55,225		38,048		17,465		4		110,738
Prepaid items		103,066		- 2			_	<u> </u>	_	103,066
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,041,792	\$	1,448,303	\$	484,983	\$	591,217	_\$	9,566,295
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	196,816	\$	62,750	\$	23,638	\$	1,833	\$	285,037
Accrued interest	Ψ	11,206	-	₩	•	147	•	5	4	11,206
Accrued payroll		104,290		=		540		-		104,290
Due to other funds		55,513		32		329		55,225		110,738
Note payable		634,320		<u> </u>		329		==,===		634,320
Unearned revenue		840	_	2		- 2.	_	-		840
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,002,985		62,750		23,638		57,058		1,146,431
	4.									
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		454 440								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	9	471,118	S		_		S .		_	471,118
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		103,066		8		~		*		103,066
Restricted		437,343		1,385,553		461,345		534,159		2,818,400
Assigned		1,314,337		9		2		02		1,314,337
Unassigned	_	3,712,943	_		_	- 4		12	_	3,712,943
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		5,567,689	-	1,385,553		461,345	_	534,159	-	7,948,746
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS)F									
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	7,041,792	\$	1,448,303	_\$_	484,983	\$	591,217	\$	9,566,295

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Total Governmental Fund Balances			\$ 7,948,746
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Cost Less accumulated depreciation	\$	15,609,166 (6,736,481)	8,872,685
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds:			
Property taxes			471,118
Interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds are reported on the fund balance sheet but eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position: Interfund receivables Interfund payables	\$	110,738 (110,738)	-
Liabilities, including capital leases, notes payable, compensated absences and accrued landfill closure and postclosure care costs are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds but are reported on the statement of net position	c	(74.045)	
Capital leases payable Notes payable Landfill closure and postclosure care cos Compensated absences	\$ sts	(74,045) (321,349) (2,295,841) (137,793)	(2,829,028)
Net Position Of Governmental Activities			\$ 14,463,521

			1

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

REVENUES	General		Special Sales Tax Fund	Т	S-SPLOST Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	G ₀	Total overnmental Funds
Taxes	\$ 4,375,613	\$	1,250,678	\$	222,736			\$	5,849,027
Licenses and permits	66,549	_	5=0	-	7.0			-	66,549
Charges for services	2,029,948		500		200	S	198,391		2,228,339
Fees, fines and forfeitures	304,886		3-1		\ e)		6,393		311,279
Intergovernmental	440,439		3-0		253,114				693,553
Interest	4,634		2,558		640		624		8,456
Other	61,876		0.00		961				61,876
Total revenues	7,283,945	-	1,253,236	_	476,490	_	205,408		9,219,079
EXPENDITURES									
Current:	1.051.240								1.051.240
General government	1,051,340				·		3.700		1,051,340
Judicial	663,036		:=0		*		3,788		666,824
Public safety Public works	2,599,148				-		156,997		2,756,145
Health and welfare	1,699,170		180		-		8.5		1,699,170
Culture and recreation	85,496		380		=		85		85,496
Housing and development	468,804 180,382		350		-		3 5 3		468,804
Capital outlay	100,362		305,124		315,407		1,675		180,382
Debt service:			303,124		313,407		1,073		622,206
Principal	85,128		71,606						156,734
Interest	5,499		4,223		3.25		b≅c		9,722
Intergovernmental	3,499		550,298		3.50				550,298
Total expenditures	6,838,003	-	931,251	_	315,407	_	162,460	_	8,247,121
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	445.042		771 005		161.092		42.049		071.059
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	445,942	-	321,985		161,083	_	42,948	_	971,958
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	15.050								
Sale of capital assets	17,272	_	190	_	- 1	_		<u></u>	17,272
Total other financing sources (uses)	17,272	7	(4)	_	:#0	-			17,272
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	463,214		321,985		161,083		42,948		989,230
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2014	5,104,475	-	1,063,568	_	300,262		491,211	_	6,959,516
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2015	\$ 5,567,689	\$	1,385,553	\$	461,345	\$	534,159	\$	7,948,746

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Net Changes In Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds			\$	989,230
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capitalized capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.				
Depreciation expense Capital outlay	\$	(654,787) 334,318		(320,469)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	•			(==0,102)
Property taxes:				
Unavailable revenue at 6/30/15 Unavailable revenue at 6/30/14		471,118 (567,374)		(96,256)
Governmental funds do not report the cost of disposed capital assets but the cost is reported on the statement of activities.				384,722
Repayment of capital lease and notes payable principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.				156,734
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and landfill closure and postclosure care costs, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.				
Change in compensated absences Change in landfill closure and postclosure care costs		(21,399) 727,133	::0	705,734
Change In Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$	1,819,695

			4		

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Property	\$	2,881,690	\$	3,218,898	\$	337,208
Local option sales tax		650,000		612,832		(37,168)
Alcoholic beverage		80,000		93,411		13,411
Insurance premium		295,000		324,064		29,064
Other		118,800		126,408		7,608
Licenses and permits		142,500		66,549		(75,951)
Charges for services		1,853,564		2,029,948		176,384
Fees, fines and forfeitures		402,300		304,886		(97,414)
Intergovernmental		435,390		440,439		5,049
Interest		1,500		4,634		3,134
Other		28,400		61,876	ii .	33,476
Total revenues		6,889,144		7,283,945		394,801
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government:						
Legislative		49,028		48,354		674
Executive		164,196		163,472		724
Elections		101,372		121,860		(20,488)
Financial administration		285,574		178,656		106,918
Tax commissioner		231,836		232,097		(261)
Tax assessor		235,180		234,338		842
Equalization		2,000		1,283		717
Public buildings		57,900		71,280		(13,380)
Total general government		1,127,086		1,051,340		75,746
Judicial:						
Superior Court		208,508		190,244		18,264
Clerk of Court		161,402		163,374		(1,972)
State Court		106,290		108,298		(2,008)
Magistrate Court		88,033		96,345		(8,312)
Probate Court		104,253		104,775		(522)
Total judicial		668,486	3	663,036		5,450
Public safety:						
Sheriff		782,559		878,483		(95,924)
Detention center		640,614		586,351		54,263
School drug program		6,500		5,847		653
Fire protection		126,610		126,610		033
Emergency medical service		821,548		947,789		(126,241)
Coroner		16,878				
Animal control				18,398		(1,520)
		25,000		25,000		2.041
Emergency management	<u> </u>	13,611	ф.	10,670	Φ.	2,941
Total public safety	\$	2,433,320	_\$_	2,599,148	\$	(165,828)

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)			
Public works:	e 1.262.626	¢ 002.025	e 270.701
Roads and bridges Solid waste	\$ 1,362,626	\$ 982,835	\$ 379,791
Total public works	869,065 2,231,691	716,335 1,699,170	<u>152,730</u> <u>532,521</u>
Total public works	2,231,091	1,099,170	332,321
Health and welfare:			
Health department	50,000	50,696	(696)
Hospital	-	7,375	(7,375)
Public education	12,000	12,000	
Community services	11,500	9,425	2,075
Family and children services	6,000	6,000	
Total health and welfare	79,500	85,496	(5,996)
	()		
Culture and recreation:			
Recreation department	216,300	404,432	(188, 132)
Community center	10,637	16,842	(6,205)
Library	40,722	47,530	(6,808)
Total culture and recreation	267,659	468,804	(201,145)
Housing and development:		0.044	•00
Conservation	9,955	9,366	589
Agricultural resources	91,593	88,985	2,608
Economic development	64,930	59,722	5,208
Airport	22,309	22,309	ær
Code enforcement	10,000		10,000
Total housing and development	198,787	180,382	18,405
Debt service:			
Principal		85,128	(85,128)
Interest	1,000	5,499	(4,499)
Total debt service	1,000	90,627	$\frac{(4,499)}{(89,627)}$
Total debt service	1,000	90,021	(82,027)
Total expenditures	7,007,529	6,838,003	169,526
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(118,385)	445,942	564,327
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Sale of capital assets	50,000	17,272	(32,728)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (68,385)	463,214	\$ 531,599
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	i	5,104,475	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	,	\$ 5,567,689	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS Cash	\$	576,545	
LIABILITIES Due to other entities and individuals	_\$	576,545	

-			
a.			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Candler County, Georgia (the "County") operates under a Commissioner – County Administrator form of Government. The County is governed by a board of five commissioners elected by the voters of the County.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The County also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities at the government-wide financial reporting level and to its enterprise funds at the fund reporting level, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The most significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

1-A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the County consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the County.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County is financially accountable for an organization if the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organizations; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the County is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units also may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the County in that the County approves the budget, levies their taxes, or issues their debt.

The component unit columns included on the government-wide financial statements identify the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. They are reported separately to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

A brief description of the County's discretely presented component units follows:

Candler County Board of Health – The Candler County Board of Health provides health care services and health education to residents of Candler County. The Health Department receives financial support from Candler County, Georgia, the State of Georgia and the Federal Government. The County Commission appoints a majority of the Board of Directors. Complete financial statements for the Candler County Board of Health can be obtained from their administrative office at:

Candler County Board of Health 428 North Rountree Street Metter, Georgia 30439

		×

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Candler County Hospital Authority (The Hospital Authority) - The Candler County Hospital Authority was created in November, 1958 by the Board of Commissioners of Candler County to operate, control, and manage all matters concerning the County's health care functions. The Hospital Authority operates Candler County Hospital, a critical access hospital. The County nominates the Board of Trustee members of the Hospital Authority and the County has guaranteed some debt of the Hospital Authority. The Hospital Authority issued unaudited financial statements with a fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. Copies of these financial statements may be obtained from their administrative office at:

Candler County Hospital Authority 400 Cedar Street Metter, Georgia 30439

1-B. Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the County as a whole. The primary government and the component units are presented separately within these financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Fiduciary activities are not included at the government-wide reporting level. Individual funds are not displayed, but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes, grants and the County's general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or part with service charges to external customers. The County had no business-type activities at June 30, 2015.

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the governmental and business-type activities of the County and its discretely presented component units.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and for each identifiable activity of the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and therefore clearly identifiable to that particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the County's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying to which function program revenue pertains, the determining

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

factor for *charges for services* is which function *generates* the revenue. For *grants and contributions*, the determining factor is to which function the revenues are *restricted*.

Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues of the County. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function and each identifiable business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements – During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds.

Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns with composite columns for non-major funds. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting – The County uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The County uses governmental and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Fund liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be liquidated. The County reports the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities as fund balance. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

The General Fund – The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund's fund balance is available to the County for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of the State of Georgia.

Special Sales Tax Fund – This capital projects fund accounts for the special purpose local option sales tax collected pursuant to a referendum for various capital improvements within the County.

T-SPLOST Fund – This capital projects fund accounts for the regional transportation special purpose local option sales tax proceeds received for transportation purposes within the County.

Fiduciary Funds –The County's fiduciary funds are agency funds. These agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Constitutional officers use these funds to temporarily hold assets.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1-C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the County are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities reports revenues and expenses.

Fund Financial Statements – All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund statements.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus on both financial reporting levels. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

1-D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. At the fund reporting level, the governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting at both reporting levels. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange Transactions – Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the County, the phrase "available for exchange transactions" means expected to be received within 60 days of year-end.

Revenue – Non-exchange Transactions – Non-exchange transactions in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales taxes, property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the taxable sale takes place. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions also must be available (i.e., collected within 60 days) before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be susceptible to accrual: property taxes, sales taxes, interest and federal and state grants.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. On the modified accrual basis, expenditures generally are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred and due, if measurable.

1-E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the County.

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Georgia law authorizes the County to invest in the following type of obligations:

- Obligations of the State of Georgia or of any other states
- Obligations of the United States Government
- Obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States Government or United States Government agency
- Obligations of any corporation of the United States Government
- Prime bankers' acceptances
- The State of Georgia local government investment pool (i.e., Georgia Fund I)
- Repurchase agreements
- Obligations of the other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia

Receivables

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles, where applicable. At June 30, 2015, the General Fund reported an allowance for uncollectibles of \$67,323 and \$1,145,277 for the property taxes receivable and EMS accounts receivable, respectively.

	ε		

Consumable Inventories

On the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used (i.e., the consumption method).

Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "due from/to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns on the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reclassified and presented as internal balances on this statement. These amounts are ultimately eliminated from the total column on the statement of net position.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2015, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is reported as nonspendable as this amount is not available for general appropriation.

Capital Assets

The County reports general capital assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but does not report these assets in the County fund financial statements.

All capital assets with an estimated useful life in excess of two years are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The County maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars. The County's infrastructure consists of roads and bridges. For roads and bridges, the County has capitalized only infrastructure constructed after June 30, 2003. Improvements to capital assets are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement.

		Sees. 4
	n	

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings	15-50 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-40 years
Machinery and equipment	4-15 years
Infrastructure	15 years

At the inception of capital leases at the governmental fund reporting level, expenditures and an "other financing source" of an equal amount are reported at the net present value of future minimum lease payments.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

The total compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds report the compensated absences liability at the fund reporting level only "when due."

Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of these funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are "due for payment" during the current year. Notes payable and capital leases are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County does not have any deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2015.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable*

		and A

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance — Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e. items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Commissioners through the adoption of a resolution or ordinance. Only the Board of Commissioners may modify or rescind the commitment.

Assigned – Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the Board of Commissioners' intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Only the Board of Commissioners can assign fund balances.

Unassigned – Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The County reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

The County's policy is to maintain an adequate general fund unassigned fund balance to provide liquidity in the event of an economic downturn or natural disaster.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the County's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the County's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The County applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayment from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements (i.e., they are netted).

Transfers between governmental funds on the government-wide statement of activities are eliminated.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

*	

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The County adopts an annual operating budget for the general fund, E-911 special revenue fund, and capital projects funds. The budget resolution reflects the total of each department's appropriation in each fund.

All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each adopted annual operating budget generally is the department level within each individual fund. Any change in total to a fund or departmental appropriation within a fund requires approval of the Board of Commissioners.

During the year, the Board of Commissioners had no budget revisions.

All unexpended annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2015 in the following departments for the general fund:

į	General Fund		
Elections	\$	20,488	
Tax commissioner		261	
Public buildings		13,380	
Clerk of court		1,972	
State court		2,008	
Magistrate court		8,312	
Probate court		522	
Sheriff		95,924	
Emergency medical service		126,241	
Coroner		1,520	
Health department		696	
Hospital		7,375	
Recreation department		188,132	
Community center		6,205	
Library		6,808	
Debt Service - Principal		85,128	
Debt Service - Interest		4,499	

The overexpenditures in these areas were funded by underexpenditures in other areas and excess revenues over amounts budgeted.

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the E-911 special revenue fund by \$28,589 which were funded by additional revenues over amounts budgeted.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County has a policy to reduce its exposure to this risk by requiring deposits to be collateralized in accordance with State law.

At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the County's deposits (checking and certificates of deposit) was \$8,133,303 and the bank balance was \$8,259,576. Of the bank balance, \$1,981,077 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$6,278,499 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the County's name.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Candler County Hospital Authority had no custodial credit risk for the year ending December 31, 2014.

The carrying amount of deposits for the Candler County Board of Health was \$505,382 and the bank balance was \$505,282, which was covered by FDIC insurance.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property taxes are billed on or about October 20th of each year and are payable within sixty days. The County bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects taxes for the Candler County Board of Education, State of Georgia and cities within the County. Collection of the County's taxes and for the other government agencies is the responsibility of the Tax Commissioner's Office, which is accounted for in an Agency Fund.

County property tax revenues at the fund reporting level are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables (i.e., collectible in 60 days). For the year ended June 30, 2015, property taxes were levied on November 10, 2014, and were due February 20, 2015.

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2015, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	E-911 Fund	\$	55,225
Special Sales Tax Fund	General Fund		38,048
T-SPLOST Fund	General Fund		17,465
Total		\$	110,738

Interfund balances at June 30, 2015 represent reimbursable expenses and temporary loans. The County expects to repay all interfund balances within one year.

There were no interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2015.

		2.9

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

		Balance 7/1/2014	A	dditions	De	eductions	(Balance 5/30/2015
Governmental Activities:	-		11					
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	137,377		2	\$	4,377	\$	133,000
Construction in progress		407,063	\$	316,479		317,291		406,251
Total capital assets not being depreciated		544,440		316,479	-	321,668):	539,251
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		6,936,730		60,612		84,496		6,912,846
Machinery and equipment		4,281,515		417,564		170,670		4,528,409
Infrastructure		320,800		325,399		*		646,199
Land improvements		2,934,858		47,603		4		2,982,461
Total capital assets being depreciated		14,473,903		851,178		255,166	8	15,069,915
Total capital assets		15,018,343		1,167,657		576,834		15,609,166
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements		2,036,863		149,145		42,349		2,143,659
Machinery and equipment		2,302,053		354,020		85,868		2,570,205
Infrastructure		4,164		41,209		5		45,373
Land improvements	142	1,866,831		110,413		*		1,977,244
Total accumulated depreciation		6,209,911		654,787		128,217		6,736,481
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	8,808,432	\$	512,870	\$	448,617	s\$_	8,872,685

Governmental activities depreciation expense:

General government	\$ 102,591
Judicial	1,228
Public safety	183,237
Public works	366,579
Housing and development	502
Culture and recreation	 650
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 654,787

TX.			

CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIANOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the County's component units was as follows:

Component unit - Candler County Board of Health;	Balance 07/01/14	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/15	
Capital assets being depreciated: Equipment	\$ 70,991	ā	\$	\$ 70,991	
Accumulated depreciation: Equipment Component unit capital assets, net	\$ 2,557	\$ 1,727 \$ (1,727)	\$ -	70,161 \$ 830	
	Balance			Balance	
	01/01/14	Additions	Deductions	12/31/14	
Component unit - Candler County Hospital					
Authority (Unaudited):					
Capital assets not being depreciated:	. 160.040			ф. 160.040	
Land	\$ 168,940	# 205 777	•	\$ 168,940	
Deposit on assets	70.665	\$ 205,737	e 505 507	205,737	
Construction in progress	79,665	1,745,863	\$ 585,526	1,240,002	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	248,605	1,951,600	585,526	1,614,679	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land improvements	148,884	2	\$	148,884	
Buildings	6,109,594	597,364	2	6,706,958	
Equipment	7,798,719	406,144	4,300	8,200,563	
Total capital assets being depreciated	14,057,197	1,003,508	4,300	15,056,405	
Total capital assets	14,305,802	2,955,108	589,826	16,671,084	
Less accumulated depreciation	11,033,016	479,786	4,300	11,508,502	
Component unit capital assets, net	\$ 3,272,786	\$ 2,475,322	\$ 585,526	\$ 5,162,582	

		9 1

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL LEASES

The County has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment costing \$786,801. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. Amortization of the cost of the equipment is included in depreciation expense in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation on the leased equipment was \$78,280 and \$258,665, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2015.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under these capital leases, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2015:

Year ending June 30		
2016		75,830
Total minimum lease payments		75,830
Less amount representing interest		1,785
Present value of future minimum lease payments	_\$_	74,045

NOTE 8 – SHORT TERM NOTE PAYABLE

In December 2014, the \$1,000,000 line of credit from Queensborough National Bank and Trust Company secured by the County to provide additional funds to the Candler County Hospital Authority came due and the County secured a new line of credit for \$1,500,000. As of June 30, 2015, \$634,320 was drawn on the line of credit. All line of credit draws and accrued interest are to be repaid by the Candler County Hospital Authority. As of June 30, 2015, the County has an intergovernmental receivable of \$634,537 from the Candler County Hospital Authority. The line of credit has an interest rate of 4.15% and a maturity date of December 31, 2015.

Balance				Balance			Balance	
	July 1, 2014		_A	Additions Reductions		eductions	June 30, 2015	
Note payable	\$	900,000	\$	734,320	\$	1,000,000	\$	634,320

NOTE 9 – NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable at June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

Note payable to GEFA (95-L39SW) for landfill costs, payable in quarterly installments of \$11,719 including interest at 5.3% through February 1, 2017	\$ 77,599
Note payable to OneGeorgia Authority for the construction of the Agricultural Regional Resources Construction Building, payable in quarterly installments of	
\$6,250 with 0% interest through July 1, 2025	243,750
	\$ 321,349

NOTE 9 – NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015, annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year ending	G	overnir	ental Activit	ies	
June 30	Principal	_ I	Interest		Total
2016	\$ 68,622	\$	3,255	\$	71,877
2017	58,977		892		59,869
2018	25,000		15		25,000
2019	25,000		2		25,000
2020	25,000		-		25,000
2021 - 2025	118,750				118,750
Total	\$ 321,349	\$	4,147	\$	325,496

Component Unit - Candler County Hospital Authority (Unaudited)

Notes p

payable at December 31, 2014 consisted of the following:	
Note payable for insurance premium financing, interest rate of 3.64%, payable in monthly installments of \$11,211 through April, 2015, unsecured.	\$ 44,507
Note payable to Candler County, Georgia, interest rate of 4.15%, due on or before December 31, 2015, unsecured.	330,795
Revenue Anticipation Cerfficate, Series 2013A with Queensborough National Bank dated November 5, 2013 payable in 60 monthly payments of \$9,016 including interest at the fixed rate of 4.15%; contains a prepayment penalty of 2% for the first two years and 1% thereafter; secured by a pledge of the net revenues of the Authority and an intergovernmental contract between the Authority and Candler County; also gave a negative pledge of real estate.	399,779
Taxable Note, Series 2013B with Queensborough National Bank dated December 17, 2014 payable in 120 monthly payments of \$35,076 including interest at the fixed rate of 4.15%; contains a prepayment penalty of 2% for the first two years and 1% thereafter; secured by a pledge of the net revenues of the Authority and an intergovernmental contract between the Authority and Candler County; also gave a negative pledge of real estate.	3,423,249
Prommissory Note to Partnersfirst Management, LLC dated December 31, 2013 payable in 60 monthly payments of \$9,976 including interest at the fixed rate of 9.5%, unsecured.	397,080
Prommissory Note to United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) dated March 17, 2014 payable in 120 monthly payments of \$10,158 including interest at the fixed rate of 3.5%, secured by a pledge of various medical equipment.	880,372
Capital lease under a government obligation contract with Kansas State Bank of Manhattan dated October 23, 2013 payable in 60 monthly rental payments of \$2,249; first payment due at inception on December 5, 2013 with the final payment on November 5, 2018, secured by a 24'x60' modular medical clinic.	93,225
Capital lease under a government obligation contract with Kansas State Bank of Manhattan dated January 10, 2014 payable in 60 monthly rental payments of \$3,165; first payment due on March 1, 2014 with the final payment on February 1, 2019, secured by a 39'x46'X70' modular	
building.	131,935 \$5,700,942

		ñ

NOTE 9 – NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year ending	Component Unit - Hospital Authority						
December 31	 Principal		Interest		Total		
2015	\$ 948,123	\$	241,846	\$	1,189,969		
2016	633,249		202,430		835,679		
2017	666,135		169,544		835,679		
2018	689,405		135,009		824,414		
2019	441,727		107,415		549,142		
2020-2024	2,287,351		254,021		2,541,372		
2025	34,952		125		35,077		
Total	\$ 5,700,942	\$	1,110,390	\$	6,811,332		

NOTE 10 – LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST CLOSURE CARE COST

State and federal laws and regulations require that the County place a final cover on its landfill sites and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for a minimum of thirty years after closure. Although most closure and post closure care costs will be paid near or after the date the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of the closure and post closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. As of June 30, 2015, the estimated liability for landfill closure and post closure care costs is \$2,295,841 and consists of the closure cost for Phase One of the landfill, closure cost for the C&D landfill, and closure and post closure costs for Phase Two of the landfill. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post closure care of approximately \$1,181,911 for the operating landfill as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. Used capacity for the operating Phase Two landfill is estimated to be 61.73% with an estimated remaining useful life of 14 years. All estimates are subject to change due to inflation or deflation, technology or changes in laws or regulations. The County has invested funds in a Certificate of Deposit and separate bank account for the landfill closure and post closure care costs with a standard amount being contributed quarterly to the bank account.

NOTE 11 – CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

Governmental Activities:	Balance July 1, 2014	_Additions_	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2015	Amounts Due In One Year
Compensated absences payable	\$ 116,394	\$ 21,399	(*)	\$ 137,793	\$ 27,559
Landfill closure & post closure care costs	3,022,974	5.0	\$ 727,133	2,295,841	2
Capital leases payable	145,651	æ ?	71,606	74,045	74,045
Notes payable	406,477		85,128	321,349	68,622
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 3,691,496	\$ 21,399	\$ 883,867	\$ 2,829,028	\$ 170,226

The compensated absences liability will be paid from the General Fund, the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. The capital lease obligations will be paid from the Special Sales Tax capital projects fund, and the notes payable will be paid from the General Fund. The landfill closure and post closure care costs will be paid from the General Fund.

NOTE 11 – CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Component Unit - Candler County Board of Health

	Ba	alance					E	Balance	An	nounts
	J.	uly 1,					Jι	ine 30,	D	ue In
		2014	Ad	ditions	Rec	luctions	140	2015	On	e Year
Compensated absences	\$	17,579	S	8,949	S	8,790	\$	17,738	\$	8,869

Component Unit - Candler County Hospital Authority (Unaudited)

	Balance			Balance	Amounts
	January 1,			December 31,	Due In
	2014	_Additions_	Reductions	2014	One Year
Notes payable	\$ 4,074,201	\$ 4,876,616	\$ 3,249,875	\$ 5,700,942	\$ 948,123

NOTE 12 – FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As of June 30, 2015, governmental fund balances are composed of the following:

	General Fund	Special Sales Tax Fund	T-SPLOST Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	\$ 103,066	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			\$ 103,066
Restricted:					
E-911	Sec. 1	4	¥1	\$ 426,100	426,100
Roads	292,288	:w:	\$ 461,345	(40)	753,633
Jail store	·	20	(*)	101,310	101,310
Law library	⊘ 5-1	38	976	6,749	6,749
Drug education	48,140	(4)	170	, =	48,140
Jail	96,915	2	229	120	96,915
Capital projects	© ≈ €	\$ 1,385,553	(40)	(#7	1,385,553
Total restricted	437,343	1,385,553	461,345	534,159	2,818,400
Assigned:	"	·	•	: ====================================	
Landfill closure and post closure care costs	1,314,337) <u>=</u> ;	5		1,314,337
Unassigned	3,712,943		121	==1	3,712,943
Total fund balances	\$ 5,567,689	\$ 1,385,553	\$ 461,345	\$ 534,159	\$ 7,948,746

CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 13 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

Probate Judges' Retirement Fund of Georgia

The Probate Judge is covered under a pension plan which requires that certain sums from marriage licenses be remitted to the state sponsored pension plan.

Clerk of Superior Court Retirement Fund

The Clerk of Superior Court is covered under a pension plan which requires that certain sums from fees and fines or bond forfeitures be remitted to the state sponsored pension plan.

Sheriff's Retirement Fund/Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund

The Sheriff and sheriff deputies are covered under separate pension plans which require that certain sums from fines or bond forfeitures be remitted by the Magistrate Court and Clerk of Superior Court to the state sponsored pension plans.

Georgia Judicial Retirement System

This system provides retirement benefits for Superior Court Judges, District Attorneys, State Court Judges, Solicitors-General of the State Courts, and Juvenile Court Judges.

Employee's Retirement System of Georgia

Candler County tax officials are covered under this retirement plan.

Candler County Board of Health (component unit)

The employees of the Candler County Board of Health participate in the Georgia State Employees Retirement System (ERS). The plan is administered by the State of Georgia. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov. The retirement contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$35,657. Contributions are fully vested to employees after 10 years of continuous service.

At June 30, 2015, the Board of Health reported \$269,669 as a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Board of Health recognized pension expense of \$12,357.

Candler County Hospital Authority (component unit)

The Candler County Hospital Authority maintains a defined contribution retirement plan covering substantially all full—time employees. The employer matching contributions will match one half of eligible employee's contributions up to seven percent of the employee's base pay. The contributions made by the Authority for the year ended December 31, 2014 were approximately \$56,000.

NOTE 14 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County has joined together with other counties in the state as part of the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Group Self-Insurance Workers Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management insurance program for member local governments.

As part of these risk pools, the County is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The County is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the County in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the County within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverages.

NOTE 15 – CONTINGENCIES

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County attorney, the resolution of these matters probably will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

On November 5, 2013, the Candler County Hospital Authority sold a Series 2013A Revenue Anticipation Certificate for \$502,500 to Queensborough National Bank and Trust Company. The Revenue Anticipation Certificate, which has an interest rate of 2.9%, will be repaid in monthly installments beginning in December 2013 and ending in November 2018. Payment of principal, interest and premium, if any, will be made from the net revenues of the Candler County Hospital Authority. Proceeds from the Revenue Anticipation Certificate was utilized for issuance costs and improvements at the Candler County Hospital.

On December 17, 2014, the Candler County Hospital Authority issued a Series 2013B Taxable Note to repay other notes and obligations as well as cover issuance costs. It has an interest rate of 4.15% and will be paid with the Candler County Hospital Authority's general revenues over 120 months. Both the Series 2013A Revenue Anticipation Certificate and Series 2013B Taxable Note are also secured by an intergovernmental agreement between the Candler County Hospital Authority and the County. As part of the intergovernmental agreement, the County guarantees to pay to the Authority an amount equal to the deficit of the Candler County Hospital Authority's net revenues or general funds compared to the payments due on the certificate and/or note. Further, the County has agreed to levy taxes on taxable property within the County up to six mills should it be required to do so.

CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 16 – JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the County, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the seventeen county East Middle Georgia area, is a member of the Heart of Georgia Altamaha Regional Commission (RC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended June 30, 2015, the County paid \$6,868 in such dues. Membership in an RC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-33 which provides for the organizational structure of the RC in Georgia. The RC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Heart of Georgia Altamaha Regional Commission 5405 Oak Street Eastman, Georgia 31023

NOTE 17 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Candler County Board of Health (component unit)

The following restatement was performed to net position at the beginning of the year due to the adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions:

Net position, (government-wide balance),	
June 30, 2014, as previously reported	\$ 512,778
Deferred outflow of resources-employer	29,888
Net pension liability	(377,973)
Net position, (government-wide balance),	
July 1, 2014, as restated	\$ 164,693

NOTE 18 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In January 2016 the County obtained a \$1.5 million tax anticipation line of credit from Queensborough National Bank & Trust Company to provide operating funding for the Candler County Hospital Authority. Funds drawn on the line of credit will accrue interest at the rate of 4.15% and will be due for repayment on December 31, 2016.

Subsequent events were evaluated through February 29, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

			9 1
		v	

CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

				Total Nonmajor Special
	E-911	Jail Store	Law	Revenue
	Fund	Fund	Library	Funds
ASSETS	*			-
Cash	\$ 313,840	\$ 100,364	\$ 6,749	\$ 420,953
Certificate of deposit	149,115	_	-	149,115
Accounts receivable	20,203	946		21,149
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 483,158	\$ 101,310	\$ 6,749	\$ 591,217
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,833	=	36 0	\$ 1,833
Due to other funds	55,225		<u></u>	55,225
Total liabilities	57,058		= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	57,058
Fund balance:				
Restricted	426,100	\$ 101,310	\$ 6,749	534,159
Total fund balance	426,100	101,310	6,749	534,159
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
FUND BALANCE	\$ 483,158	\$ 101,310	\$ 6,749	\$ 591,217
				= -,

CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	E-911 Fund	Jail Store Fund	Law Library		Total Jonmajor vial Revenue Funds
REVENUES		-	 		
Charges for services	\$ 178,328	\$ 20,063		\$	198,391
Fees, fines and forfeitures	<u>=</u>	-	\$ 6,393		6,393
Interest	624				624
Total revenues	178,952	20,063	6,393	(205,408
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Public safety	155,069	1,928	-		156,997
Judicial	Ē		3,788		3,788
Capital outlay	<u> </u>	1,675			1,675
Total expenditures	155,069	3,603	3,788		162,460
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	23,883	16,460	2,605		42,948
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014	402,217	84,850	4,144		491,211
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2015	\$ 426,100	\$ 101,310	\$ 6,749	\$	534,159

			1

E-911 FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	iginal and al Budget	<u>.</u>	Actual	F	Variance Positive Vegative)
REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 165,000	\$	178,328	\$	13,328
Interest	= 2/		624		624
Total revenues	165,000		178,952		13,952
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Public safety	 126,480	-	155,069	-	(28,589)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 38,520		23,883	_\$	(14,637)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		-	402,217		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR		\$	426,100		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Cor	Tax nmissioner	I	Probate Court		Clerk of Courts	agistrate Court	Sheriff	Totals
ASSETS Cash	\$	345,807	\$	326	_\$_	118,904	\$ 20,402	\$ 91,106	\$ 576,545
LIABILITIES Due to other entities and individuals	_\$_	345,807	_\$_	326	\$\$_	118,904	\$ 20,402	\$ 91,106	\$ 576,545

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Balance June 30, 2014		Additions Deduction		Deductions	Balance June 30, 2015		
Tax Commissioner Assets	Ф	214.502	d	10.254.005	4	40.045.040	d.	2.45.005
Cash	\$	316,782	\$	10,376,087	\$	10,347,062	\$	345,807
Liabilities Due to other entities and individuals	\$	316,782	\$	10,376,087	\$	10,347,062	\$	345,807
Probate Court								
Assets								
Cash	\$	2,257	\$	59,930	\$	61,861	\$	326
Liabilities								
Due to other entities and individuals	\$	2,257	\$	59,930	\$	61,861	\$	326
Clerk of Courts								
Assets					4			
Cash	\$	15,592	\$	624,365	\$	521,053	\$	118,904
Liabilities								
Due to other entities and individuals	\$	15,592	\$	624,365	\$	521,053	\$	118,904
Magistrate Court								
Assets								
Cash	\$	21,116	\$	95,556	\$	96,270	\$	20,402
Liabilities								
Due to other entities and individuals	\$	21,116	\$	95,556	\$	96,270	\$	20,402
Sheriff								
Assets								
Cash	\$	61,965	\$	288,195	\$	259,054	\$	91,106
Liabilities								
Due to other entities and individuals	\$	61,965	\$	288,195_	\$	259,054	\$	91,106
Total Agency Funds								
Assets								
Cash	\$	417,712	\$	11,444,133	\$	11,285,300	\$	576,545
Liabilities								
Due to other entities and individuals	\$	417,712	\$	11,444,133	<u>\$</u>	11,285,300	\$	576,545

	ż		

SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS PAID WITH SPECIAL SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

2005 Special Sales Tax

						Estimated
	Original	Current		Expenditures		Percentage
	Estimated	Estimated	Prior	Current		of
Project	Cost	Cost	Years	Year	Total	Completion
Public building projects	\$ 904,000	\$ 1,003,83	5 \$ 993,717	\$ 10,118	\$ 1,003,835	100%
New equipment	1,250,000	1,689,13	8 1,689,138	-	1,689,138	100%
Public works project	883,000	1,747,02	2 1,747,022		1,747,022	100%
Drainage, roads and bridge						
improvements/expansions	1,850,000	707,00	0 345,694		345,694	49%
Recreation department projects	195,000	193,72	0 193,720		193,720	100%
City of Metter	3,630,000	2,997,69	2,997,691	*	2,997,691	100%
Town of Pulaski	363,000	299,76	299,769		299,769	100%
	\$ 9,075,000	\$ 8,638,17	\$ 8,266,751	\$ 10,118	\$ 8,276,869	96%

2011 Special Sales Tax

						Estimated
	Original	Current		Expenditures		Percentage
	Estimated	Estimated	Prior	Current		of
Project	Cost	Cost	Years	Year	Total	Completion
Public buildings projects	\$ 575,000	\$ 575,000	\$ 49,005	\$ 2,768	\$ 51,773	9%
Recreation department projects	260,000	260,000	144,874	20,396	165,270	64%
Retirement of prior year debt	303,320	303,320	155,451	75,829	231,280	76%
Public works projects	15,000	15,000	*	Ψ.	2	0%
Road maintenance/improvements	469,930	469,930	<u>~</u>	14,500	14,500	3%
New equipment	2,408,750	2,408,750	320,469	257,342	577,811	24%
City of Metter	2,880,000	2,880,000	1,176,665	500,271	1,676,936	58%
Town of Pulaski	288,000	288,000	117,657	50,027	167,684	58%
	\$ 7,200,000	\$ 7,200,000	\$ 1,964,121	\$ 921,133	\$ 2,885,254	40%

LANIER, WESTERFIELD, DEAL & PROCTOR

WILLIAM RUSSELL LANIER, CPA JOSEPH S, WESTERFIELD, CPA RICHARD N. DEAL, CPA, CGMA KAY S, PROCTOR, CPA, CFE, CGMA LEE ANN LANE, CPA JENNIFER GROOMS, CPA

WILLIAM BLAKE BLOSER, CPA

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
201 SOUTH ZETTEROWER AVENUE
P.O. BOX 505
STATESBORO, GEORGIA 30459
PHONE (912) 489-8756
FAX (912) 489-1243

MEMBERS

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

GEORGIA SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners Candler County, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Candler County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Candler County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 29, 2016. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Candler County Board of Health, as described in our report on Candler County, Georgia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Candler County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Candler County, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Candler County, Georgia's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a

deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described below as 2015-1 to be a material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

2015-1 Sheriff's Office – Unidentified funds in bond bank account

The Sheriff's Office maintains a bond bank account which has accumulated approximately \$30,000 of unidentified funds from prior years. While the Sheriff's Office believes a portion of the funds may be attributed to partial payments made on citations, all sources of these funds have not been identified. Staff members should examine the prior years' activity in this account to identify the funding sources of these accumulated funds and determine how the funds should be distributed.

County Response: We concur with this finding and Sheriff's Office personnel will determine the source of these funds and how they should be disbursed.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Candler County, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Candler County, Georgia's Response to Findings

Candler County, Georgia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described above. Candler County, Georgia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lanier, Westerfield, Oool + I weton

Statesboro, Georgia February 29, 2016

	jā.	