# **CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA**

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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MEMBERS AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

GEORGIA SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Commissioners Candler County, Georgia

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Candler County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We did not audit the financial statements of the Candler County Board of Health, a discretely presented component, which represents 2.9% and 0.7% respectively, of the assets and net position of Candler County, Georgia. We did not audit the financial statements of the Candler County, a discretely presented component, which represents 2.9% and 0.7% respectively, of the assets and net position of Candler County, Georgia. We did not audit the financial statements of the Candler County, a discretely presented component, which represents 26.2% and 32.1% respectively, of the assets and net position of Candler County, Georgia.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Candler County Board of Health, a discretely presented component, which represents 2.9% and 0.7% respectively, of the assets and net position of Candler County, Georgia. We did not audit the financial statements of the Candler County Hospital Authority, a discretely presented component, which represents 26.2% and 32.1% respectively, of the assets and net position of Candler County, Georgia. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Candler County Board of Health and the Candler County Hospital Authority, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Candler County, Georgia, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Candler County, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of projects paid with special sales tax proceeds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of projects paid with special sales tax proceeds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of projects paid with special sales tax proceeds are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2019, on our consideration of Candler County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Candler County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lanier, Dal & Proctor

Statesboro, Georgia December 31, 2019

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Primary Government Component Units Candler County Candler County Governmental Board of Hospital ASSETS Activities Health Authority Current Assets: Cash \$ 5,230,947 \$ 562,609 \$ 558,300 Certificates of deposit 1,943,623 -÷ Receivables: Accounts 70,268 . 1,255,376 Taxes 652,777 Intergovernmental 195,980 26,000 Interest 1,297 Prepaid items 80,674 Supplies inventory 176,472 . 2 Other current assets 609,955 1 Noncurrent Assets: Externally restricted cash for debt service 2,376 Capital Assets: Nondepreciable capital assets 443,354 168,940 Depreciable capital assets, net 11,634,288 2,538,815 Total Assets 20,253,208 588,609 5,310,234 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Proportionate share of collective deferred outflows of resources 200,071 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable 355,505 4,779,289 . Accrued payroll 77,389 . Other accrued expenses -494,951 Unearned revenue 950 Compensated absences payable 28,776 12,539 Notes payable 25,000 574,276 × Capital leases payable 241,500 Estimated third-party payor settlements 783,109 . 2 Long-Term Liabilities: Compensated absences payable (net of current portion) 115,104 12,538 Notes payable (net of current portion) 118,750 3,811,072 Capital leases payable (net of current portion) 550,243 Net pension obligation 349.068 -Net OPEB liability 179,235 Landfill closure and postclosure care costs 2,736,911 Total Liabilities 4,250,128 553,380 10,442,697 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of resources 128,109 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 11,142,149 1,984,313 Restricted for: Capital projects 1,515,405 . Debt service 127,626 2,376 Other purposes 121,483 1,310,541 Unrestricted 1,907,359 (14,292) (7, 119, 152)**Total Net Position** 16,003,080 107,191 \$ \$ \$ (5,132,463)

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					Pro	gram Revenues				Net (Expense) R Changes in Ne				
									Pr	rimary Government	T ODILIO.	Compo	nent Ui	nit
420 - 4220 - 160				es, Fines, and	OF	perating Grants	Ca	pital Grants		Governmental	Can	dler County		ndler County
Program/Function		Expenses	Charg	ges for Services	and	d Contributions	and	Contributions		Activities		rd of Health		pital Authority
Primary Government														
General government	\$	1,568,874	\$	95,533	S	52,939		(@)	\$	(1,420,402)				
Judicial		706,094		122,193		-		270		(583,901)				
Public safety		3,683,494		1,544,724		116,650		5 <b>1</b> 45		(2,022,121)				
Public works		2,906,415		927,867		59,464		572,087		(1,346,997)				
Health and welfare		1,898,140		7,339		49,395		24		(1,841,406)				
Culture and recreation		406,960		56,665		5				(350,295)				
Housing and development		249,112		-		×		5 <b>-</b> 5		(249,112)				
Interest		6,990			_	5		352		(6,990)				
Total Governmental Activities - Primary														
Government	S	11,426,080	\$	2,754,321	\$	278,448	\$	572,087		(7,821,224)				
	1					270,110		572,007		(7,021,224)				
Component Units:														
Candler County Board of Health	\$	412,720	\$	121,720	S	341,968					0	<b>5</b> 0.050		
Candler County Hospital Authority	Ψ	14,768,550	Ψ	12,357,904	3	1,815,945		1.0			\$	50,968	0	(504 501)
Total Component Units	S	15,181,270	s	12,479,624	\$	2,157,913	\$					50.0(9	_\$	(594,701)
F		10,101,270		12,179,024	<u> </u>	2,107,915						50,968	-	(594,701)
				ral Revenues										
			-	erty taxes levied	for gen	eral purposes				4,174,608				94 I
				taxes						2,235,947		2		10
				ance premium ta	х					426,255		×		-
				taxes						238,820		5		
				st earned						66,276		-		22,318
			M1sce	ellaneous						52,908		=		305,288
			Total	General Rever	ues					7,194,814				327,606
			Speci	al item - Forgive	eness of	f debt				<u> </u>			-	1,217,596
			Total	General Rever	iues an	d Special Items				7,194,814				1,545,202
			Chan	ge in Net Positi	ion					(626,410)		50,968		950,501
			Net P	osition, July 1,	2018,	As Restated				16,629,490		56,223		(6,082,964)
			Net P	osition, June 3	0, 2019	)			\$	16,003,080	\$	107,191	\$	(5,132,463)

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	2	General		ecial Sales Fax Fund	201	8 SPLOST Fund	T-SPLOST Fund		Go	Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash Certificates of deposit Receivables:	\$	2,471,924 1,790,252	\$	366,966	\$	492,266	\$	766,466	\$	1,133,325 153,371	\$	5,230,947 1,943,623
Accounts		49,980		(君)		2		~		20,288		70,268
Taxes Intergovernmental		571,340 60,095		( <b>a</b> )		114 662		01.020		81,437		652,777
Intergovernmental		60,095		-		114,653		21,232		1,297		195,980 1,297
Prepaid items	_	80,674		<u> </u>		2	_		_	1,297		80,674
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,024,265	\$	366,966	\$	606,919	\$	787,698	\$	1,389,718	\$	8,175,566
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable		80,008		9,825		153,468		82,885		29,319		355,505
Accrued payroll liabilities		77,389				100		3				77,389
Unearned revenue	-	950	<u>.                                    </u>	- A	-		_		) <u> </u>		_	950
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2	158,347	s <u></u>	9,825		153,468		82,885		29,319	-	433,844
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes	ə <u></u>	427,478_		-		) #: 			-	49,858		477,336
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		80,674		27		100		*				80,674
Restricted		127,626		357,141		453,451		704,813		1,310,541		2,953,572
Assigned		1,799,535		5		1.00		2		14		1,799,535
Unassigned	0	2,430,605				) <del>-</del>		8		×		2,430,605
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	8	4,438,440		357,141		453,451		704,813		1,310,541		7,264,386
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS ( RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	OF \$	5,024,265	\$	366,966	\$	606,919	\$	787,698	\$	1,389,718	\$	8,175,566
		-,,			-		<u> </u>		_	,,.	-	,,

## **CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA** RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 7,264,386
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Cost Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 22,051,938 (9,974,296)	12,077,642
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds:		
Property taxes		477,336
Liabilities, including capital leases, notes payable, compensated absences and accrued landfill closure and postclosure care costs are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds but are reported on the statement of net position		
Capital leases payable	\$ (791,743)	
Notes payable	(143,750)	
Landfill closure and postclosure care costs Compensated absences	 (2,736,911) (143,880)	(3,816,284)
Net Position Of Governmental Activities		\$ 16,003,080

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

REVENUES	<u></u>	General	5	Special Sales Tax Fund	20	18 SPLOST Fund	T	-SPLOST Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governments Funds	tal
Taxes	¢	4.046.006			e de la constante de la consta	1 400 007	<b>A</b>	0.54.050				
Licenses and permits	\$	4,946,226		-	\$	1,329,286	\$	254,973	\$	578,933	\$ 7,109,41	
		28,513		-		-		÷ .		22,200	50,71	
Charges for services		1,840,341				<del>,</del> -		×		541,326	2,381,66	
Fees, fines and forfeitures		334,290		17						10,155	344,44	
Intergovernmental		278,447						8		561,379	839,82	
Interest		45,250	\$	6,983		3,725		8,482		12,544	76,98	
Other		52,891	_		-			*		17	52,90	
Total revenues	77	7,525,958	_	6,983	-	1,333,011		263,455		1,726,554	10,855,96	51
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government		1,366,081		2							1,366,08	
Judicial		694,384		3 <b>4</b>		-		*		2,787	697,17	/1
Public safety		2,871,252		*		-		×		480,961	3,352,21	.3
Public works		1,287,700		3		1.5		2		316,435	1,604,13	5
Health and welfare		1,632,282		2				(Q			1,632,28	32
Culture and recreation		302,650		*		1.00		*		51,072	353,72	2
Housing and development		115,812				7.E3				125,300	241,11	2
Capital outlay		14		387,706		868,015		248,855		447,030	1,951,60	)6
Debt service:												
Principal		25,000		101,637		158,700		÷		0 <del>1</del> 5	285,33	57
Interest		020		6,990				ž.			6,99	0
Intergovernmental		241		-		733,766		¥		343	733,76	6
Total expenditures	_	8,295,161	_	496,333	_	1,760,481		248,855	_	1,423,585	12,224,41	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER												
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(769,203)		(489,350)		(427,470)		14,600		302,969	(1,368,454	<u>4)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Sale of capital assets		400		2		0 <u>4</u> 2		2		-	400	0
Proceeds from capital leases				*		740,100		*		(m)	740,100	0
Transfers in		1. C				140,821		5		172,389	313,210	0
Transfers out		(172,389)		(140,821)				8		5	(313,210	0)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(171,989)	_	(140,821)	) )	880,921			-	172,389	740,500	0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(941,192)		(630,171)		453,451		14,600		475,358	(627,954	4)
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2018		5,379,632		987,312				690,213		835,183	7,892,340	0
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2019	\$	4,438,440	\$	357,141	\$	453,451	\$	704,813	\$	1,310,541	\$ 7,264,380	6

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net Change In Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (627,954)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capitalized capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.		
Depreciation expense	\$ (1,163,873)	
Capital outlay	1,783,140	619,267
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		
Property taxes:		
Unavailable revenue at 6/30/19	477,336	
Unavailable revenue at 6/30/18	(533,631)	(56,295)
Governmental funds do not report the cost of disposed capital assets but the cost is reported on the statement of activities.		(1,000)
The inception of capital leases and the issuance of notes payable is reported as an other financing source on the fund level financial statement and as a liability on the statement of net position.		(740,100)
Repayment of capital lease and notes payable principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		285,337
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and landfill closure and postclosure care costs, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in compensated absences Change in landfill closure and postclosure care costs	(12,508) (93,157)	(105,665)
Change In Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (626,410)

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 3,868,000	\$ 3,868,000	\$ 4,208,396	\$ 340,396
Local option sales tax	615,000	615,000	651,688	36,688
Alcoholic beverage	110,000	int.	-	0 m
Insurance premium	400,000	÷	-	39 <del>4</del> 3
Other	140,000	85,000	86,142	1,142
Licenses and permits	54,300	36,800	28,513	(8,287)
Charges for services	1,918,200	1,618,200	1,840,341	222,141
Fees, fines and forfeitures	297,500	297,500	334,290	36,790
Intergovernmental	205,328	205,328	278,447	73,119
Interest	1,000	1,000	45,250	44,250
Other	8,950	8,950	52,891	43,941
Total revenues	7,618,278	6,735,778	7,525,958	790,180
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:				
Legislative	51,958	51,958	53,056	(1,098)
Executive	169,127	215,486	216,861	(1,375)
Elections	82,712	82,712	89,425	(6,713)
Financial administration	530,762	484,403	420,944	63,459
Tax commissioner	247,839	247,839	248,025	(186)
Tax assessor	249,663	249,663	242,467	7,197
Equalization	5,369	5,369	6,726	(1,357)
Public buildings	75,978	75,978	88,577	(12,599)
Total general government	1,413,408	1,413,408	1,366,081	47,327
Judicial:				
Superior Court	199,721	199,721	194,309	5,412
Clerk of Court	170,359	170,359	173,065	(2,706)
State Court	113,327	113,327	114,368	(1,041)
Magistrate Court	90,444	90,444	90,511	(67)
Probate Court	124,855	124,855	122,131	2,724
Total judicial	698,706	698,706	694,384	4,322
Public safety:				
Sheriff	1,149,120	1,149,120	1,129,085	20,035
Detention center	723,311	723,311	661,683	61,628
Fire protection	175,000	9 <b>2</b> 0		
Emergency medical service	1,085,151	1,085,151	1,045,093	40,058
Coroner	18,634	18,634	17,472	1,162
Animal control	25,000	25,000	,	25,000
Emergency management	9,822	9,822	17,919	(8,097)
Total public safety	3,186,038	3,011,038	2,871,252	139,786
· ·		4		

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

EXPENDITURES (Continued)		Original Budget	÷	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
Public works:								
Roads and bridges Solid waste	\$	911,065 666,291	\$	911,065 391,291	\$	886,803 400,897	\$	24,262 (9,606)
Total public works		1,577,356		1,302,356		1,287,700		14,656
Health and welfare: Health department Hospital Community services		40,000 188,002		40,000 188,002		40,034 1,536,897 113	н	(34) (1,348,895) (113)
Family connections		48,500		48,500		49,238		(738)
Family and children services	-	6,000		6,000		6,000		
Total health and welfare	5	282,502	-	282,502		1,632,282		(1,349,780)
Culture and recreation:								
Recreation department		322,572		322,572		301,258		21,314
Library		44,410		243		1,392		(1,392)
Total culture and recreation		366,982		322,572		302,650		19,922
Housing and development:			-		-			
Conservation		8,836		8,836		9,232		(396)
Agricultural resources		89,926		89,926		94,886		(4,960)
Economic development		75,000				689		(689)
Airport		17,000						-
Code enforcement		11,059		11,059		11,005		54
Total housing and development		201,821	-	109,821	-	115,812		(5,991)
Debt service:	£							
Principal		25,000		25,000		25.000		
Total debt service		25,000		25,000		25,000	-	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-			
Total expenditures		7,751,813	-	7,165,403	-	8,295,161	(	1,129,758)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(133,535)		(429,625)		(769,203)		(339,578)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							-	
Sale of capital assets		÷				400		400
Transfers in		¥		11,085		-		(11,085)
Transfers out		2				(172,389)		(172,389)
Total other financing sources (uses)			5:	11,085		(171,989)		(183,074)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(133,535)	\$	(418,540)		(941,192)	\$	(522,652)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						5,379,632		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	4,438,440		

## CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	ф	205 704
Cash	2	395,704
LIABILITIES		
Due to other entities and individuals	\$	395,704

Candler County, Georgia (the "County") operates under a Commissioner – County Administrator form of Government. The County is governed by a board of five commissioners elected by the voters of the County.

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The County also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities at the government-wide financial reporting level and to its enterprise funds at the fund reporting level, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The most significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

## **1-A. Reporting Entity**

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the County consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the County.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County is financially accountable for an organization if the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organizations; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the County is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units also may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the County in that the County approves the budget, levies their taxes, or issues their debt.

The component unit columns included on the government-wide financial statements identify the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. They are reported separately to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

A brief description of the County's discretely presented component units follows:

**Candler County Board of Health** – The Candler County Board of Health provides health care services and health education to residents of Candler County. The Health Department receives financial support from Candler County, Georgia, the State of Georgia and the Federal Government. The County Commission appoints a majority of the Board of Directors. Complete financial statements for the Candler County Board of Health can be obtained from their administrative office at:

Candler County Board of Health 428 North Rountree Street Metter, Georgia 30439

**Candler County Hospital Authority (The Hospital Authority) -** The Candler County Hospital Authority was created in November, 1958 by the Board of Commissioners of Candler County to operate, control, and manage all matters concerning the County's health care functions. The Hospital Authority operates Candler County Hospital, a critical access hospital. The County nominates the Board of Trustee members of the Hospital Authority and the County has guaranteed some debt of the Hospital Authority. The Hospital Authority issued audited financial statements with a fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. Copies of these financial statements may be obtained from their administrative office at:

Candler County Hospital Authority 400 Cedar Street Metter, Georgia 30439

### 1-B. Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

**Government-wide Financial Statements** – The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the County as a whole. The primary government and the component units are presented separately within these financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Fiduciary activities are not included at the government-wide reporting level. Individual funds are not displayed, but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes, grants and the County's general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or part with service charges to external customers. The County had no business-type activities at June 30, 2019.

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the governmental and business-type activities of the County and its discretely presented component units.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and for each identifiable activity of the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and therefore clearly identifiable to that particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the County's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying to which function program revenue pertains, the determining

factor for *charges for services* is which function *generates* the revenue. For *grants and contributions*, the determining factor is to which function the revenues are *restricted*.

Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues of the County. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function and each identifiable business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

**Fund Financial Statements** – During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds.

Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns with composite columns for non-major funds. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

**Fund Accounting** – The County uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The County uses governmental and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds** – Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Fund liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be liquidated. The County reports the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities as fund balance. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

**The General Fund** – The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund's fund balance is available to the County for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of the State of Georgia.

**Special Sales Tax Fund and 2018 SPLOST Fund** – These capital projects funds account for the special purpose local option sales tax collected pursuant to a referendum for various capital improvements within the County.

**T-SPLOST Fund** – This capital projects fund accounts for the regional transportation special purpose local option sales tax proceeds received for transportation purposes within the County.

**Fiduciary Funds** –The County's fiduciary funds are agency funds. These agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Constitutional officers use these funds to temporarily hold assets.

## **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

## 1-C. Measurement Focus

**Government-wide Financial Statements** – The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the County are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities reports revenues and expenses.

**Fund Financial Statements** – All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund statements.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus on both financial reporting levels. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

### 1-D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. At the fund reporting level, the governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting at both reporting levels. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues – Exchange Transactions –** Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the County, the phrase "available for exchange transactions" means expected to be received within 60 days of year-end.

**Revenue** – Non-exchange Transactions – Non-exchange transactions in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales taxes, property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the taxable sale takes place. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions also must be available (i.e., collected within 60 days) before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be susceptible to accrual: property taxes, sales taxes, interest and federal and state grants.

**Expenses/Expenditures** – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. On the modified accrual basis, expenditures generally are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred and due, if measurable.

### 1-E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

### Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the County.

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Georgia law authorizes the County to invest in the following type of obligations:

- Obligations of the State of Georgia or of any other states
- Obligations of the United States Government
- Obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States Government or United States Government agency
- Obligations of any corporation of the United States Government
- Prime bankers' acceptances
- The State of Georgia local government investment pool (i.e., Georgia Fund I)
- Repurchase agreements
- Obligations of the other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia

### Receivables

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles, where applicable. At June 30, 2019, the General Fund reported an allowance for uncollectibles of \$56,864 and \$192,176 for the property taxes receivable and EMS accounts receivable, respectively. The Shared Service District Fund reported an allowance of \$6,449 for property taxes receivable at June 30, 2019.

The balance of the intergovernmental receivable from the Candler County Hospital Authority, a component unit, was \$1,324,793 at June 30, 2019. However, an allowance for uncollectibles equal to the full amount of the intergovernmental receivable was reported by the General Fund at June 30, 2019. As a result, no intergovernmental receivable is being reported at June 30, 2019 from the Candler County Hospital Authority, a component unit.

### **Consumable Inventories**

On the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a firstin, first-out basis and are expensed when used (i.e., the consumption method).

### Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "due from/to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns on the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reclassified and presented as internal balances on this statement. These amounts are ultimately eliminated from the total column on the statement of net position.

### **Prepaid Items**

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2019, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is reported as nonspendable as this amount is not available for general appropriation.

## Capital Assets

The County reports general capital assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but does not report these assets in the County fund financial statements.

All capital assets with an estimated useful life in excess of two years are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The County maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The County's infrastructure consists of roads and bridges. For roads and bridges, the County has capitalized only infrastructure constructed after June 30, 2003. Improvements to capital assets are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings	15-50 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-40 years
Machinery and equipment	4-15 years
Infrastructure	15 years

At the inception of capital leases at the governmental fund reporting level, expenditures and an "other financing source" of an equal amount are reported at the net present value of future minimum lease payments.

### **Compensated Absences**

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

The total compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds report the compensated absences liability at the fund reporting level only "*when due*."

### Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of these funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are "due for payment" during the current year. Notes payable and capital leases are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County does not have any deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2019. It does have a component unit that has deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other post-employment benefits on the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has an item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*,

is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. The County has a component unit that has deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other post-employment benefits on the statement of net position.

### **Fund Equity**

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

**Fund Balance** – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable** – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e. items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** – Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

**Committed** – Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Commissioners through the adoption of a resolution or ordinance. Only the Board of Commissioners may modify or rescind the commitment.

**Assigned** – Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the Board of Commissioners' intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Only the Board of Commissioners can assign fund balances.

**Unassigned** – Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The County reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

The County's policy is to maintain an adequate general fund unassigned fund balance to provide liquidity in the event of an economic downturn or natural disaster.

**Flow Assumptions** – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the County's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the County's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

**Net Position** – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The County applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

## **Interfund Activity**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayment from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements (i.e., they are netted).

Transfers between governmental funds on the government-wide statement of activities are eliminated.

## Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

## NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

## **Budgetary Information**

The County adopts an annual operating budget for the general fund, special revenue funds, and capital projects funds. The budget resolution reflects the total of each department's appropriation in each fund.

All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each adopted annual operating budget generally is the department level within each individual fund. Any change in total to a fund or departmental appropriation within a fund requires approval of the Board of Commissioners.

During the year, the Board of Commissioners had three budget revisions.

All unexpended annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

## **Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations**

Expenditures exceeded appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2019 in the following departments for the general fund:

	General Fund				
Legislative	\$	1,098			
Executive		1,375			
Elections		6,713			
Tax commissioner		186			
Equalization		1,357			
Public buildings		12,599			
Clerk of court		2,706			
State court		1,041			
Magistrate court		67			
Emergency management		8,097			
Solid waste		9,606			
Health department		34			
Hospital		1,348,895			
Community services		113			
Family connections		738			
Library		1,392			
Conservation		396			
Agricultural resources		4,960			
Economic development		689			

The overexpenditures in these areas were funded by excess revenues over amounts budgeted and by available fund balance.

## NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following special revenue funds and these overexpenditures were funded by additional revenues and transfers in over amounts budgeted and/or by available fund balance.

	Overe	xpenditures
Drug Abuse Treatment and Education Fund	\$	2,239
E-911 Fund		49,005
Jail Store Fund		35,295
Shared Service District Fund		44,735

## **NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS**

Custodial credit risk is risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County has a policy to reduce its exposure to this risk by requiring deposits to be collateralized in accordance with State law.

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the County's deposits (checking and certificates of deposit) was \$7,570,274 and the bank balance was \$7,651,634. Of the bank balance, \$800,611 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$6,851,023 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the County's name.

### Discretely Presented Component Units

The carrying amount of deposits for the Candler County Hospital Authority was \$560,676. As of December 31, 2018, the Authority's deposits were entirely insured, collateralized with securities held by a trustee in the Authority's name, or held by financial institutions that participate in the Georgia Secure Deposit Program.

The carrying amount of deposits for the Candler County Board of Health was \$562,609 as of June 30, 2019. The bank balance was \$227,273 which was covered by FDIC insurance and pledged securities.

## **NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property taxes are billed on or about October 20<sup>th</sup> of each year and are payable within sixty days. The County bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects taxes for the Candler County Board of Education, State of Georgia and cities within the County. Collection of the County's taxes and for the other government agencies is the responsibility of the Tax Commissioner's Office, which is accounted for in an Agency Fund.

County property tax revenues at the fund reporting level are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables (i.e., collectible in 60 days). For the year ended June 30, 2019, property taxes were levied on October 5, 2018, and were due December 20, 2018.

## NOTE 5 -- INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 consisted of \$140,821 in transfers to the 2018 SPLOST fund from the special sales tax fund to separate 2018 SPLOST referendum activity from previous SPLOST

## NOTE 5 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

referendum activity and \$172,389 in transfers to the shared service district special revenue fund from the general fund to establish a new fund per an intergovernmental agreement.

No interfund balances existed as of June 30, 2019.

### **NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2018 A		dditions	s Deductions			Balance 6/30/2019		
Governmental Activities:									
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 204	4,591		-		-	\$	204,591	
Construction in progress	110	),414	\$	164,979	\$	36,630		238,763	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	31:	5,005	_	164,979		36,630	-	443,354	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements	7,95	),097		20,323		200		7,970,420	
Machinery and equipment	5,86	3,351		1,107,178		41,471		6,929,058	
Infrastructure	3,16	5,017		528,290		8.75.		3,693,307	
Land improvements	3,01	5,799					3,015,799		
Total capital assets being depreciated	19,994	1,264		1,655,791	41,471		21,608,584		
Total capital assets	20,30	9,269		1,820,770		78,101		22,051,938	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings and improvements	2,630	5,953		193,199				2,830,152	
Machinery and equipment	3,454	1,736		638,195		39,471		4,053,460	
Infrastructure	41'	7,503		219,806		· 2		637,309	
Land improvements	2,340	),702		112,673				2,453,375	
Total accumulated depreciation	8,849	9,894		1,163,873	2	39,471		9,974,296	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 11,459	9,375	\$	656,897	\$	38,630	\$	12,077,642	

Governmental activities depreciation expense:

General government	\$ 116,276
Judicial	626
Public safety	300,347
Public works	710,595
Culture and recreation	 36,029
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 1,163,873

## **NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

Capital asset activity for the County's component units was as follows:

Component unit - Candler County Board of Health:		Balance 7/1/2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2019		
Capital assets being depreciated: Equipment	\$	7,625		)#	\$	7,625	
Accumulated depreciation: Equipment		7,625		<u></u>		7,625	
Component unit capital assets, net	\$	<u>a</u> :			\$		
		Balance 1/1/2018	Additions	Deductions		Balance 2/31/2018	
Component unit - Candler County Hospital Authority:					-		
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	168,940	2	ŝ	\$	168,940	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		168,940				168,940	
Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements		148,884				148,884	
Buildings		6,985,111				6,985,111	
Equipment		9,862,369				9,862,369	
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	16,996,364			-	6,996,364	
Total capital assets		17,165,304	5	₹.	1	7,165,304	
Less accumulated depreciation	-	13,730,653	726,896		1	4,457,549	
Component unit capital assets, net	\$	3,434,651	\$ (726,896)	\$	\$	2,707,755	

## NOTE 7 – CAPITAL LEASES

The County has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment costing \$1,695,683. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. Amortization of the cost of the equipment is included in depreciation expense in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation on the leased equipment was \$161,182 and \$522,045, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under these capital leases, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2019:

Year ending June 30		
2020	\$	267,327
2021		267,702
2022		158,700
2023		158,700
Total minimum lease payments	-	852,429
Less amount representing interest	2	60,686
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$	791,743

### **NOTE 8 – NOTES PAYABLE**

Notes payable at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

Note payable to OneGeorgia Authority for the construction of the Agricultural Regional Resources Construction Building, payable in quarterly installments of \$6,250 with 0% interest through July 1, 2025

\$ 143,750

As of June 30, 2019, annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year ending		ities				
June 30	F	Principal	In	terest		Total
2020	\$	\$ 25,000		-	\$	25,000
2021		25,000		-		25,000
2022		25,000		-		25,000
2023		25,000		-		25,000
2024		25,000				25,000
2025		18,750		-		18,750
Total	\$	143,750	\$	-	\$	143,750
			-			

## **NOTE 8 – NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)**

## Component Unit - Candler County Hospital Authority

Notes payable at December 31, 2018 consisted of the following:

Note payable to Candler County, Georgia, incurring interest at the imputed rate of 4.00%, unsecured.	\$1,324,751
Taxable Note, Series 2014 with Queensborough National Bank dated December 17, 2014. Payable in 120 monthly payments of approximately \$35,000 including interest at the fixed rate of 4.15% through January 2017. Beginning with the February 2017 payment, interest will be accrued at the <i>Wall Street Journal</i> prime rate, plus 0.50%, adjusted daily. Secured by property of the Authority.	2,297,154
Note Payable to Partnersfirst Management, LLC dated December 31, 2013. As of December 31, 2016, the Authority was in default under the note agreement due to not making the scheduled payments and held the position that the Authority should not pay the balance due to alleged mismanagement by Partnersfirst. Partnersfirst filed suit against the Authority in an attempt to collect the outstanding balance on the note. In July 2017, the suit was settled for \$180,000, payable by a lump sum of \$50,000 at the time of settlement, and 26 monthly payments of \$5,000 at 0% interest.	40,000
Promissory Note to United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) dated March 17, 2014. Payable in 120 monthly payments of approximately \$10,000 including interest at the fixed rate of 3.50%, secured by a pledge of various medical equipment.	489,277
Capital lease obligations, at varying rates of imputed interest from 5.70% to 8.86%, collateralized by leased equipment with an unamortized cost of approximately \$375,000.	234,166

## NOTE 8 – NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

Year ending	Compone	ent Unit - Hospital A	Authority
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 574,276	\$ 157,813	732,089
2020	1,798,362	127,776	1,926,138
2021	485,452	101,597	587,049
2022	466,587	76,245	542,832
2023	409,430	51,454	460,884
2024-2026	651,241	29,691	680,932
Total	\$ 4,385,348	\$ 544,576	\$ 4,929,924

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

### NOTE 9 -- LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST CLOSURE CARE COST

State and federal laws and regulations require that the County place a final cover on its landfill sites and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for a minimum of thirty years after closure. Although most closure and post closure care costs will be paid near or after the date the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of the closure and post closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. As of June 30, 2019, the estimated liability for landfill closure and post closure care costs is \$2,736,911 and consists of the closure cost for Phase One of the landfill, closure cost for the C&D landfill, and closure and post closure care of approximately \$876,428 for the operating landfill as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. Used capacity for the operating Phase Two landfill is estimated to be 73.34% with an estimated remaining useful life of 12 years. All estimates are subject to change due to inflation or deflation, technology or changes in laws or regulations. The County has invested funds in a Certificate of Deposit and separate bank account for the landfill closure and post closure care costs with a standard amount being contributed quarterly to the bank account.

### NOTE 10 – CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

Governmental Activities:	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2019	Amounts Due In One Year
Compensated absences payable	\$ 131,372	\$ 12,508	-	\$ 143,880	\$ 28,776
Landfill closure & post closure care costs	2,643,754	93,157	8	2,736,911	10
Capital leases payable	311,980	740,100	\$ 260,337	791,743	241,500
Notes payable	168,750	×	25,000	143,750	25,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 3,255,856	\$ 845,765	\$ 285,337	\$ 3,816,284	\$ 295,276

The compensated absences liability will be paid from the General Fund, the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. The capital lease obligations will be paid from the Special Sales Tax and 2018 SPLOST capital projects funds, and the notes payable will be paid from the General Fund. The landfill closure and post closure care costs will be paid from the General Fund.

## NOTE 10 - CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

## Component Unit - Candler County Board of Health

	Balance			Balance	Amounts
	July 1,			June 30,	Due In
	2018	Additions	Reductions	2019	One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 19,338	\$ 15,408	\$ 9,669	\$ 25,077	\$ 12,539

## Component Unit - Candler County Hospital Authority

	Balance			Balance	Amounts
	January 1,			December 31,	Due In
	2018	Additions	Reductions	2018	One Year
Notes payable	\$ 5,006,296	\$ -	\$ 620,948	\$ 4,385,348	\$ 574,276

## **NOTE 11 – FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

As of June 30, 2019, governmental fund balances are composed of the following:

	General Fund	General Fund Ta		201	8 SPLOST Fund	T-	SPLOST Fund	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable:											
Prepaid items	\$ 80,674									\$	80,674
Restricted:											
E-911	2		<u>iii</u>		ш		20	\$	269,907		269,907
Roads	-				-	\$	704,813		566,464		1,271,277
Jail store	=		×						97,365		97,365
Law library			្ត				=		22,256		22,256
Drug education			( <b>1</b> )		8		÷.		42,632		42,632
Shared service district			<u>i</u>		2		÷		311,917		311,917
Hospital debt service	127,626		-		2		2		4		127,626
Capital projects		\$	357,141	\$	453,451		-				810,592
Total restricted	127,626		357,141		453,451		704,813		1,310,541		2,953,572
Assigned:											
Landfill closure and post closure care costs	1,570,766		2		÷		2		-		1,570,766
Subsequent year's budget	228,769				-	-	-		<u>u</u>		228,769
Total assigned	1,799,535				-	1. 	×,		*		1,799,535
Unassigned	2,430,605						•		Ŧ		2,430,605
Total fund balances	\$ 4,438,440	\$	357,141	\$	453,451	\$	704,813	\$	1,310,541	\$	7,264,386

## **NOTE 12 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS**

### Defined Contribution Plan

The County has adopted a prototype 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan for employees of Candler County (the 401(a) Plan) and a prototype 457 Deferred Compensation Plan for Candler County (the 457 Plan) administered by the Board of Commissioners through GEBCORP. The County has the authority to establish the Plans or amend the adoption agreement which defines the specific provisions of the plan as provided in the prototype document. The Plan covers substantially all employees who meet the minimum years of service requirement. The County matches up to 3% of employee's compensation. The total cost of the 401(a) Plan and the 457 Plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$14,125. Total employee contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2019 totaled \$68,316.

### Probate Judges' Retirement Fund of Georgia

The Probate Judge is covered under a pension plan which requires that certain sums from marriage licenses be remitted to the state sponsored pension plan.

### Clerk of Superior Court Retirement Fund

The Clerk of Superior Court is covered under a pension plan which requires that certain sums from fees and fines or bond forfeitures be remitted to the state sponsored pension plan.

### Sheriff's Retirement Fund/Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund

The Sheriff and sheriff deputies are covered under separate pension plans which require that certain sums from fines or bond forfeitures be remitted by the Magistrate Court and Clerk of Superior Court to the state sponsored pension plans.

### Georgia Judicial Retirement System

This system provides retirement benefits for Superior Court Judges, District Attorneys, State Court Judges, Solicitors-General of the State Courts, and Juvenile Court Judges.

### Employee's Retirement System of Georgia

Candler County tax officials are covered under this retirement plan.

### Candler County Board of Health (component unit)

The employees of the Candler County Board of Health participate in the Georgia State Employees Retirement System (ERS). The plan is administered by the State of Georgia. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov. The retirement contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$42,379. Contributions are fully vested to employees after 10 years of continuous service.

At June 30, 2019, the Board of Health reported \$349,068 as a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Board of Health recognized pension expense of \$51,646.

## **NOTE 12 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)**

### Candler County Hospital Authority (component unit)

The Candler County Hospital Authority maintains a defined contribution retirement plan covering substantially all employees. Employees are immediately vested 100% in all funds under the plan. Matching contributions have been suspended by the Authority. The contributions made by the Authority for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$0. The Authority had no outstanding liability related to the plan at December 31, 2018.

The Authority has also established a deferred compensation plan that is offered to limited employees. The Authority makes no matching contributions and employees are immediately 100% vested in all funds under the plan. As of December 31, 2018, the Authority had no outstanding liability related to the plan.

### NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County has joined together with other counties in the state as part of the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Group Self-Insurance Workers Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management insurance program for member local governments.

As part of these risk pools, the County is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The County is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the County in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the County within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverages.

## **NOTE 14 – CONTINGENCIES**

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County attorney, the resolution of these matters probably will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

## **NOTE 14 – CONTINGENCIES (Continued)**

On December 17, 2014, the Candler County Hospital Authority issued a Series 2014 Taxable Note to repay other notes and obligations as well as cover issuance costs. It has an interest rate of 4.15% and will be paid with the Candler County Hospital Authority's general revenues over 120 months. The Series 2014 Taxable Note is secured by an intergovernmental agreement between the Candler County Hospital Authority and the County. As part of the intergovernmental agreement, the County guarantees to pay to the Authority an amount equal to the deficit of the Candler County Hospital Authority's net revenues or general funds compared to the payments due on the certificate and/or note. Further, the County has agreed to levy taxes on taxable property within the County up to six mills should it be required to do so.

### Candler County Hospital Authority (component unit) - Going Concern

The Authority reported operating losses the last five years including losses of \$1,896,298 and \$1,417,318 in 2018 and 2017, respectively. The Authority has a net position deficiency (liabilities exceed assets) of \$5,132,463 at December 31, 2018. The Authority's current liabilities exceed its current assets by \$4,031,522 at December 31, 2018. These issues raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern. The Authority's plans to improve its financial position are as follows:

## Financial Support from Candler County

Beginning with the 2017 property tax collections, Candler County is subsidizing the Authority's longterm debt obligations to Queensborough National Bank with a one mil property tax. Also, with the 2018 SPLOST collections that began effective April, 2018, the County is allocating 20% of the monthly collections to retire the Authority's long-term debt. Candler County and the Authority are continuing negotiations for other support opportunities for the Hospital.

### Physician Group

Effective May 1, 2019, the Authority engaged a physician's group, Doctor's To Go, to cover the Emergency Room and Hospitalist program. The Authority anticipates this change to stabilize these areas with consistent quality care which will increase patient satisfaction and quality of care for its patients.

### **Business Office Operations and Collections**

Effective July 1, 2019, the Authority engaged Healthcare Resource Group (HRG) to act as the Authority's business office and early out self-pay provider. HRG will help improve efficiency, maximize collections and consult on a variety of improvement processes, procedures and regulation changes that may affect reimbursement.

### Management Personnel

Effective September 1, 2018, the Authority and ERHospital, LLC (ERH) agreed to end the management agreement. As a result, the Authority hired a full-time CEO to manage the day-to-day operations of the hospital, and in June 2019, the Authority hired a full-time CFO to assist in managing the day-to-day operations. The Authority anticipates this will provide management stability and consistency in the operations of the Authority going forward.

### **NOTE 15 – JOINT VENTURE**

Under Georgia law, the County, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the seventeen county East Middle Georgia area, is a member of the Heart of Georgia Altamaha Regional Commission (RC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended June 30, 2019, the County paid \$6,868 in such dues. Membership in an RC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-33 which provides for the organizational structure of the RC in Georgia. The RC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Heart of Georgia Altamaha Regional Commission 5405 Oak Street Eastman, Georgia 31023

### **NOTE 16 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT**

### Component Unit - Candler County Board of Health

In conformity with GAAP, as set forth in the Statement of Governmental Standards No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions,* the beginning Government-wide net position was restated in the amount of \$252,621 to record the effects of recognizing OPEB liabilities not previously recorded.

### **NOTE 17 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent events were evaluated through December 31, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Т	ug Abuse reatment Education Fund		E-911 Fund	Ja	ail Store Fund	1	Law Library	and l	Local aintenance Improvement rant Fund		ared Service strict Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
ASSETS													
Cash	\$	42,532	\$	128,342	\$	92,965	\$	22,684	\$	566,464	\$	280,338	\$1,133,325
Certificate of deposit		-		153,371		-		(m)		-			153,371
Receivables:													
Accounts		100		15,788		4,400		( <b></b> )					20,288
Taxes				×				8				81,437	81,437
Intergovernmental				3		10		17.0		1.0		150	5.52
Interest				1,297						200			1,297
Other		-		÷		123		( <b>1</b> )		· •			
Due from other funds		10		5		100		323		80		1.5	()))))
Prepaid items		3	-	×	_			<u>.</u>		<u></u>	-		·····
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	42,632	\$	298,798	\$	97,365	\$	22,684	\$	566,464	\$	361,775	\$1,389,718
LIABILITIES													
Accounts Payable			\$	28,891		(e)	\$	428		5 <b>6</b> )?		140	\$ 29,319
													,
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		8		10						970 O	\$	49,858	49,858
FUND BALANCE													
Restricted	\$	42,632		269,907	\$	97,365		22,256	\$	566,464		311,917	1,310,541
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$	42,632	\$	298,798	\$	97,365	\$	22,684	\$	566,464	\$	361,775	\$1,389,718

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

DEVENILIES		ug Abuse reatment Education Fund	E-911 Fund	Jail Store Fund	Law Library	and I	Local aintenance Improvement irant Fund	Sh	ared Service District Fund		Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds				
REVENUES Taxes			-									\$	578,933	\$	578,933
Licenses and permits				Q			-	φ	22,200	Φ	22,200				
Charges for services		÷.	185,370	29,928	-		-		326,028		541,326				
Fees, fines and forfeitures	\$	2,534	(#1)		\$ 7,621		-		*		10,155				
Intergovernmental		21	15 C	8	-	S	561,379				561,379				
Interest		420	3,133	26		100	4,878		4,087		12,544				
Other		*		8			-		17		17				
Total revenues		2,954	188,503	29,954	7,621		566,257		931,265		1,726,554				
EXPENDITURES Current:															
Judicial			575		2,787		-		÷		2,787				
Public safety		551	178,505	2,975	(e)				298,930		480,961				
Public works		10	<b>1</b>	2	14		<b>E</b> 3		316,435		316,435				
Culture and recreation		100		=	181				51,072		51,072				
Housing and development		161	190	×	1965		*		125,300		125,300				
Capital outlay		6,688	500	32,320	1,775		405,747		2		447,030				
Total expenditures	_	7,239	179,005	35,295	4,562		405,747	-	791,737	_	1,423,585				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(4,285)	9,498	(5,341)	3,059		160,510		139,528		302,969				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-		_	172,389	_	172,389				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(4,285)	9,498	(5,341)	3,059		160,510		311,917		475,358				
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2018	_	46,917	260,409	102,706	19,197	-	405,954		-		835,183				
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2019	\$	42,632	\$ 269,907	\$ 97,365	\$ 22,256	\$	566,464	\$	311,917	\$	1,310,541				

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA DRUG ABUSE TREATMENT AND EDUCATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		ginal and l Budget	A	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Fees, fines and forfeitures Interest	\$	5,000	\$	2,534 420	\$	(2,466) 420	
Total revenues		5,000		2,954		(2,046)	
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Capital Outlay	_	5,000		551 6,688 7,239		4,449 (6,688) (2,239)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$			(4,285)	\$	(4,286)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				46,917			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$	42,632			

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA E-911 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		iginal and al Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Charges for services	\$	170,000	\$	185,370	\$	15,370	
Interest	÷	-	Ψ	3,133	Ψ	3,133	
Total revenues		170,000		188,503		18,503	
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Public safety		130,000		178,505		(48,505)	
Capital Outlay				500		(500)	
	<del>,</del>	130,000		179,005		(49,005)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	40,000		9,498	\$	(30,002)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				260,409			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$	269,907			

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA JAIL STORE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	-	inal and Budget	 Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Charges for services Interest	\$	5	\$ 29,928 26	\$	29,928	
Total revenues	<u>.</u>		 29,954		26 29,954	
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety		-	2,975		(2,975)	
Capital Outlay		2	 32,320 35,295		(32,320) (35,295)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$		(5,341)	\$	(5,341)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			 102,706			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 97,365			

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA LAW LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	-	ginal and I Budget	A	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES							
Fees, fines and forfeitures	\$	2,500	\$	7,621	\$	5,121	
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Judicial		7,000		2,787		4,213	
Capital Outlay		-		1,775		(1,775)	
		7,000		4,562		2,438	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(4,500)		3,059	\$	7,559	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				19,197			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$	22,256			

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA LOCAL MAINTENANCE AND IMPROVEMENT GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	iginal and nal Budget	 Actual	F	Variance Positive Vegative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 415,200	\$ 561,379 4,878	\$	146,179 4,878
Total revenues	415,200	566,257		151,057
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay	 820,000	 405,747		414,253
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (404,800)	160,510	\$	565,310
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		 405,954		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR		\$ 566,464		

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA SHARED SERVICE DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Driginal Budget	Final Budget		Actual	1	/ariance Positive Vegative)
REVENUES	 	 	-			
Taxes	\$	\$ 570,000	\$	578,933	\$	8,933
Licenses and permits	-	17,500		22,200		4,700
Charges for services	×	300,000		326,028		26,028
Interest	÷.	541		4,087		4,087
Other	1. C.	-		17		17
Total revenues		 887,500	78 <b>.</b>	931,265	»	43,765
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Housing and development		 298,931 275,000 51,072 122,000 747,003	(/3	298,930 316,435 51,072 125,300 791,738		1 (41,435) (1) (3,300) (44,735)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	c <b>∺</b> :	 140,497		139,527		(970)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in				172,389		172,389
Transfers out	10 <del>9</del> 2	(11,085)				11,085
Total other financing sources (uses)	 ۲	 (11,085)		172,389		183,474
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	\$ 129,412		311,917	\$	182,505
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$	311,917		

### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		Tax mmissioner			Clerk of Courts		agistrate Court	 Sheriff	Totals		
ASSETS Cash	\$	317,273	\$	2,281	\$	31,811	\$ 12,670	\$ 31,669	\$	395,704	
LIABILITIES Due to other entities and individuals	\$	317,273	\$	2,281	\$	31,811	\$ 12,670	\$ 31,669	\$	395,704	

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2019
Tax Commissioner Assets Cash	\$ 300,639	\$ 12,112,657	\$ 12,096,023	\$ 317,273
Liabilities Due to other entities and individuals	\$ 300,639	\$ 12,112,657	\$ 12,096,023	\$ 317,273
Probate Court Assets Cash	\$ 2,136	\$ 57,279	\$ 57,134	\$ 2,281
Liabilities Due to other entities and individuals	\$ 2,136	\$ 57,279	\$ 57,134	\$ 2,281
Clerk of Courts Assets Cash	\$ 32,135	\$ 535,813	\$ 536,137	\$ 31,811
Liabilities Due to other entities and individuals	\$ 31,811	\$ 535,813	\$ 536,137	\$ 31,811
Magistrate Court Assets Cash	\$ 29,189	\$ 152,543	\$ 169,062	\$ 12,670
Liabilities Due to other entities and individuals	\$ 29,189	\$ 152,543	\$ 169,062	\$ 12,670
Sheriff Assets Cash	\$ 86,019	\$ 44,353	\$ 98,703	\$ 31,669
Liabilities Due to other entities and individuals	\$ 86,019	\$ 44,353	\$ 98,703	\$ 31,669
<b>Total Agency Funds</b> Assets Cash	\$ 450,118	\$ 12,902,645	\$ 12,957,059	\$ 395,704
Liabilities Due to other entities and individuals	\$ 450,118	\$ 12,902,645	\$ 12,957,059	\$ 395,704

#### CANDLER COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS PAID WITH SPECIAL SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 2011 Special Sales Tax

	Original		Current			Estimated Percentage				
	Estimated	Estimated			Prior		Current			of
Project	Cost		Cost	Years		Year		Total		Completion
Public buildings projects	\$ 575,000	\$	345,893	\$	271,470	\$	45,065	\$	316,535	92%
Recreation department projects	260,000		277,898		231,667		27,896		259,563	93%
Retirement of prior year debt	303,320		306,502		306,502		-		306,502	100%
Public works projects	15,000		559		559		-		559	100%
Road maintenance/improvements	469,930		22,000		22,000		-		22,000	100%
New equipment	2,408,750		3,115,356		2,372,709		423,372		2,796,081	90%
Candler County Industrial Authority	500,000		500,000		500,000		-		500,000	100%
City of Metter	2,880,000		2,883,410		2,883,410		-		2,883,410	100%
Town of Pulaski	288,000		288,331		288,331			_	288,331	100%
	\$ 7,700,000	\$	7,739,949	\$	6,876,648	\$	496,333	\$	7,372,981	95%

#### 2018 Special Sales Tax

			- P -						
Original		Current			Estimated Percentage				
Estimated	Estimated			Prior		4	-		of
Cost		Cost		Years		Year		Total	Completion
\$ 1,600,000	\$	1,600,000	\$	62,860	\$	265,857	\$	328,717	21%
200,000		200,000						0.00	0%
1,424,000		1,424,000		5		-		(7)	0%
250,000		250,000		¥		2		24	0%
50,000		50,000		*				(12)	0%
250,000		250,000		-		33,665		33,665	13%
720,000		720,000		-		244,050		244,050	34%
150,000		150,000						1.00	0%
20,000		20,000		-		5,588		5,588	28%
240,000		240,000		-		3,312		3,312	1%
500,000		500,000		2		÷		8	0%
2,360,000		2,360,000		100,575		425,372		525,947	22%
236,000		236,000		10,057		42,537		52,594	22%
\$ 8,000,000	\$	8,000,000	\$	173,492	\$	1,020,381	\$	1,193,873	15%
	Cost \$ 1,600,000 200,000 1,424,000 250,000 250,000 720,000 150,000 20,000 240,000 500,000 2,360,000 236,000	Estimated Cost \$ 1,600,000 200,000 1,424,000 250,000 250,000 720,000 150,000 20,000 240,000 500,000 2,360,000 236,000	Estimated         Estimated           Cost         Cost           \$ 1,600,000         \$ 1,600,000           200,000         200,000           1,424,000         1,424,000           250,000         250,000           250,000         250,000           250,000         250,000           720,000         720,000           150,000         150,000           240,000         240,000           500,000         500,000           2,360,000         2,360,000           236,000         236,000	Estimated         Estimated           Cost         Cost           \$ 1,600,000         \$ 1,600,000           200,000         200,000           1,424,000         1,424,000           250,000         250,000           50,000         50,000           250,000         250,000           720,000         720,000           150,000         150,000           240,000         240,000           500,000         500,000           240,000         2360,000           236,000         236,000	Estimated         Estimated         Prior           Cost         Cost         Years           \$ 1,600,000         \$ 1,600,000         \$ 62,860           200,000         200,000         -           1,424,000         1,424,000         -           250,000         250,000         -           50,000         50,000         -           720,000         720,000         -           150,000         150,000         -           240,000         240,000         -           500,000         500,000         -           2,360,000         2,360,000         100,575           236,000         236,000         10,057	Estimated         Estimated         Prior           Cost         Cost         Years           \$ 1,600,000         \$ 1,600,000         \$ 62,860         \$           200,000         200,000         -         -           1,424,000         1,424,000         -         -           250,000         250,000         -         -           50,000         50,000         -         -           720,000         720,000         -         -           150,000         150,000         -         -           240,000         240,000         -         -           500,000         500,000         -         -           2,360,000         2,360,000         100,575         -           236,000         236,000         10,057         -	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

Reconciliation of current year expenditures to Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances:

 Total 2018 SPLOST fund expenditures per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
 \$ 1,760,481

 Less proceeds from capital lease
 (740,100)

 Total current year expenditures per above
 \$ 1,020,381

## LANIER, DEAL & PROCTOR

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MEMBERS AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

GEORGIA SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners Candler County, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Candler County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Candler County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 31, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Candler County Board of Health and the Candler County Hospital Authority, as described in our report on Candler County, Georgia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Candler County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Candler County, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Candler County, Georgia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify the deficiency in internal control, described below, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

### 2019-1 Tax Commissioner's Office – Unidentified funds

The Tax Commissioner's Office has accumulated approximately \$113,000 of unidentified funds from prior years. Staff members should try to identify the sources of these accumulated funds and determine how the funds should be distributed or seek direction from the County attorney on how to disburse the unidentified funds.

County Response: We concur with this finding and the Tax Commissioner's Office personnel will try to determine the source of these funds and how they should be disbursed.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Candler County, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Candler County, Georgia's Response to Findings

Candler County, Georgia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described above. Candler County, Georgia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lanier, Dal & Proctor

Statesboro, Georgia December 31, 2019